

To: Dr. Charles Johns Board of Education

From: Dr. R.J. Gravel Ms. Vicki Tarver

Date: Monday, February 14, 2022

Re: School Operating Budgets for Fiscal Year 2022-23

Recommendation

It is recommended that the Board of Education approve the school operating budgets for the 2022-23 fiscal year as follows:

- Glenbrook North High School \$2,879,098; and
- Glenbrook South High School \$3,137,036.

Background

Each spring, the Board of Education approves a school operating budget for the upcoming fiscal year for Glenbrook North and Glenbrook South. The purpose of the school operating budget is to provide for the operational needs of each school, which include:

- Department and Program Budgets;
- Discretionary Student Activity Stipends;
- Athletic Event Officials and Supervision Expenses;
- Substitute Expenses for Professional Development Activities and Use of Internal Substitutes;
- Employee Overtime and Extra Day Expenses;
- Small Equipment Purchases;
- Building Maintenance Supplies, Service Agreements, and Repair; and
- Charter Transportation Expenses (Athletics, Field Trips, Student Activities).

The school operating budget is determined using a two-part formula: basic allocation and per-student allocation. As part of a detailed expenditure analysis process, the formula was recalibrated in the spring of 2020 to reflect the expenses incurred by the school operating budgets more accurately. Simultaneously, capital projects funds previously budgeted at the school level were transitioned to a district-wide budget, reviewed separately by the Board as part of the summer capital projects recommendation.

Table 2 that follows identifies the school operating budget formula's two components and the expenditures each component provides. The total amount of general school expenditures are similar at both schools, so the allocation is identical. The per-student allocations differ based on each school's projected enrollment, as presented in Dr. McKibben's population forecast from December 2021. For the 2022-23 school year, it is projected that Glenbrook North will have 2,074 students, and Glenbrook South will have 3,019 students.

Table 2
Expenditures Categorized by Student Enrollment Impact

Enrollment-Driven Expenditures Approximately 25% of All Expenditures	General School Expenditures Approximately 75% of All Expenditures						
"Per-Student Allocation"	"Basic Allocation"						
 Professional Development Supplies/Materials Instructional/Test Materials Books Electronic Resources Scholastic Contests/Fees 	 Supervision/Security Officials Services Curriculum Evaluation Repairs/Maintenance Services Electrical, Mechanical, Plumbing Service Charter Bus Sanitation Services Food and Beverage Capital Outlay 						

A summary of the historical school operating budget allocations is presented in the table that follows and the recommendation for the 2021-22 fiscal year. Typically, the school budgets are increased by a percentage to cover increases in expenses due to the increasing cost of goods or services. After reviewing projected expenditures for the 2022-23 school year, the administration recommends an increase of 3%.

Additionally, as part of an audit of discretionary personnel expenditures (e.g., overtime, extra days), it was identified that extra days for licensed personnel are currently budgeted in a district program instead of the school operating budget. Because these types of expenses are allocated based on the needs of each school as determined by the principal and their administrative team, the Business Services department will perform an accounting adjustment for the 2022-23 school year to transfer the budget for these expenses to the school operating budgets. This will result in a one-time increase to the basic allocation of \$300,000. (Note: This change does not result in an increase in overall expenditures in the overall budget.)

School Operating Budget Calculation

		Historical								Recommendation	
		FY 2018-19		FY 2019-20		FY 2020-21		FY	2021-22	FY 2022-23	
	Increase Amount	2.1%		2.1%		Revised Formula		0%		3%	
	Total Budget	\$1,209,327.97		\$1,484,723.86		\$4,200,000		\$4	1,200,000	\$4,326,000	
Basic Allocation	Glenbrook North High School	50%	\$604,663.99	50%	\$742,361.93	50%	50% \$2,100,000.00		50% \$2,100,000.00		\$2,163,000
THIOCHTON	Glenbrook South High School	50%	\$604,663.99	50%	\$742,361.93	50%	\$2,100,000.00	50%	\$2,100,000.00	50%	\$2,163,000
										\$30	00,000
Accounting	Glenbrook North High School		Transfer of Extra Day Expenses from the FTE Budget to the School Operating Budget								\$150,000
Adjustment	Glenbrook South High School										\$150,000
	Per Student Budget	\$706.68		\$721.52		\$265.00		\$265.00		\$273	
Per Student Allocation	Glenbrook North High School	2,053	\$1,450,811.02	2,060	\$1,486,328.69	2,072	\$549,080.00	2,054	\$544,310.00	2,074	\$566,098
Anocation	Glenbrook South High School	3,146	\$2,223,210.66	3,190	\$2,301,644.91	3,202	\$848,530.00	3,066	\$812,490.00	3,019	\$824,036
	Per Square Foot (sq ft)	\$1.06		\$1.08							
Facilities Allocation	Glenbrook North High School	580,000	\$614,510.32	580,000	\$627,415.03						
mocation	Glenbrook South High School	670,000	\$709,865.37	670,000	\$724,772.54						
Glenbrook	Glenbrook North High School Subtotal		\$2,669,985.33		\$2,856,105.65		\$2,649,080.00		\$2,644,310.00		\$2,879,098
North High School	Reduction - District Technology Budget	\$91,000.00		\$91,000.00							
School	Grand Total	\$2	2,578,985.33		\$2,765,105.65	:	\$2,649,080.00		\$2,644,310.00		\$2,879,098
Glenbrook South High	Glenbrook South High School Subtotal		\$3,537,740.01		\$3,768,779.38		\$2,948,530.00		\$2,912,490.00		\$3,137,036
	Reduction - District Technology Budget		\$99,000.00		\$99,000.00						
School	Grand Total	\$3,438,740.01		\$3,669,779.38		\$2,948,530.00		\$2,912,490.00		\$3,137,036	
	Total School Operating Budgets	\$	6,017,725.34	:	\$6,434,885.03		\$5,597,610.00		\$5,556,800.00		\$6,016,134

^{*} Historically the school operating budget has used the CPI-U level indicated on the prior year's tax levy. For example, the 2019-20 school operating budget will be calculated based on the CPI-U level indicated on the 2018 Tax Year levy (adopted in December 2018).

Historical Board of Education Memo



To: Dr. Charles Johns

Board of Education

From: Dr. R.J. Gravel

Dr. Kimberly Ptak Ms. Vicki Tarver

Date: Monday, February 10, 2020

Re: School Operating Budgets for Fiscal Year 2020-21

Recommendation

It is recommended that the Board of Education approve the school operating budgets for the 2020-21 fiscal year as follows:

- Glenbrook North High School \$2,649,080;
- Glenbrook South High School \$2,948,530.

Background

Each spring the Board of Education approves a school operating budget for the upcoming fiscal year for both Glenbrook North and Glenbrook South. The purpose of the school operating budget is to provide for the operational needs of each school which include:

- Department and Program Budgets;
- Discretionary Student Activity Stipends;
- Athletic Event Officials and Supervision Expenses;
- Substitute Expenses for Professional Development Activities and Use of Internal Substitutes;
- Employee Overtime Expenses;
- Small Equipment Purchases;
- Building Maintenance Supplies, Service Agreements and Repair;
- Charter Transportation Expenses (Athletics, Field Trips, Student Activities).

Review of the School Operating Budget Allocation Formula

During last year's discussion of the school operating budgets, it was recommended that the administration review the method for which these budgets are formulated, to ensure that it provides for the operational needs of each school. In response to this recommendation, the business services and school leadership teams conducted a detailed review of expenditure trends. The process provided an opportunity to review how funds have been allocated and utilized over the past four years in several different ways. For example, actual expenditure data information was analyzed:

- By fund (e.g., education fund, operations and maintenance fund, transportation fund);
- By program (e.g., science, world languages);
- By expenditure object (e.g., athletic officials, custodial overtime, duplication expense, instructional materials, professional development).
- By the amount of expenditures per student course registration for a program;
- By the amount of expenditures per staff member in the department for a program;

- By the amount of expenditures per student enrolled in the school by an object; and
- By the amount of expenditures per staff member in the school by an object.

Formula Revision 1: Transition of Capitalized Expenditure Budgets

As part of the process, a comparative analysis was performed to determine the differences between how each school allocated its funds. In reviewing the data one variance stood out, which is the amount spent on capitalized expenditures (e.g., building projects, furniture replacement, large equipment). Table 1 illustrates the amounts both schools spent on capitalized expenditures over the past several years:

Table 1
Capitalized Expenditures by School

	2016-17	2017-18	2018-19	2019-20*
Glenbrook North	\$148,824	\$331,108	\$486,918	\$380,000
Glenbrook South	\$254,080	\$728,139	\$751,796	\$591,181
	\$492.894	\$1.059.247	\$1.238.714	\$971.181

^{*} Reflects budgeted amounts, not actual expenditures.

This particular variance was anticipated, given the historical approach for budgeting capital projects in the school district (e.g., infrastructure projects were funded through the district capital projects budget, learning space enhancements and smaller projects were funded through the school operating budgets). Given the complexity related to capital projects and the need for architectural and construction management services, it has been the intent of the district to consolidate all capital projects into a single district-wide program budget. As the school district returns to a wholly pay-as-you model for capital projects for the summer of 2020, it makes sense to move forward with this transition in the upcoming 2020-21 fiscal year.

In preparation for the change for capital projects, the administrative team created a 3-year master facility plan. This plan was presented to the Board of Education on Tuesday, November 12, 2019, and included all of the capital projects anticipated for summer 2020, and those anticipated in summers of 2021 and 2022. With this updated approach to planning and funding capital projects, the funds previously budgeted in each school's budget will be transferred to a district-level capital projects budget. This one-time change in accounting practice results in an overall reduction in the amount of \$837,275 when compared to the prior fiscal year's allocation. However, these funds have been simply reallocated to the district capital projects fund to support \$1,482,390 in projects that would have previously been supported by the school operating budgets.

Formula Revision 2: Restructuring of the Basic, Facility, and Per-Student Allocation

Under the historical school operating budget allocation formula, 57% of the allocation is based on student enrollment, 21% based on square footage, and 22% is divided equally between the two buildings. In an effort to refine the calculation and validate the cost drivers with respect to how funds are actually spent, the team analyzed each expenditure by object code and categorized expenses by cost driver. The following findings were determined:

• Square footage should not be used as a driver in the allocation calculation. Although Glenbrook South has approximately 15% more square footage than Glenbrook North, the areas that tend to

be most costly to maintain have similar footprints at each school. These areas include the CPA/auditorium, cafeterias, natatorium, main gym, auxiliary gyms, music rooms, fieldhouse, library, and athletic fields. Considering this finding, it is recommended that the facilities allocation be eliminated from the allocation formula.

• A basic and per-student allocation should be used as drivers in the allocation calculation, however, the current percentages need to be recalibrated. Each school has costs that are impacted by the number of students enrolled, as well as expenses that are associated with the general operation of the school. To establish a new baseline year, and determine what percent of the overall allocation should be based on student enrollment, the business services team grouped expenses into the following categories:

Table 2
Expenditures Categorized by Student Enrollment Impact

Enrollment-Driven Expenditures Approximately 25% of All Expenditures	General School Expenditures Approximately 75% of All Expenditures
"Per-Student Allocation"	"Basic Allocation"
 Professional Development Supplies/Materials Instructional/Test Materials Books Electronic Resources Scholastic Contests/Fees 	 Supervision/Security Officials Services Curriculum Evaluation Repairs/Maintenance Services Electrical, Mechanical, Plumbing Service Charter Bus Sanitation Services Food and Beverage Capital Outlay, Building/Site Improvements

- The detailed historical analysis revealed that, on average, Glenbrook North and Glenbrook South have spent 25% of their building budgets on student-driven expenses and 75% on non-student driven expenses. This translates to an average expense of \$265 per student for the student-driven expenses. Considering this finding, the recommended revision to the basic and per-student allocations are as follows:
 - 25% of the overall building budget based on student enrollment which equates to \$265 per student; and
 - o 75% of the allocation is equally divided between the buildings.

A summary of the historical school operating budget allocations is presented in the table that follows, as well as the recommendation for the 2020-21 fiscal year.

School Operating Budget Calculation

		Historical								Recommendation			
		FY 2015-16		FY 2016-17		FY 2017-18		FY 2018-19		FY 2019-20		FY 2020-21	
Consumer Price Index for All Urban Consumers (CPI-U)*		1.5%		0.8%		0.7%		2.1%		2.1%		Revised Formula	
	Total Budget	\$1,166,885.80		\$1,176,220.88		\$1,184,454.43		\$1,209,327.97		\$1,484,723.86		\$4,200,000	
Basic Allocation	Glenbrook North High School	50% \$583,4	2.90	50%	\$588,110.44	50%	\$592,227.21	50%	\$604,663.99	50%	\$742,361.93	50%	\$2,100,000.00
	Glenbrook South High School	50% \$583,4	12.90	50%	\$588,110.44	50%	\$592,227.21	50%	\$604,663.99	50%	\$742,361.93	50%	\$2,100,000.00
	Per Student Budget	\$635.86		\$641.57		\$646.06		\$706.68		\$721.52		\$265.00	
Per Student Allocation	Glenbrook North High School	2,057 \$1,294,2	17.00	2,033	\$1,289,007.00	2,023	\$1,306,981.90	2,053	\$1,450,811.02	2,060	\$1,486,328.69	2,072	\$549,080.00
	Glenbrook South High School	3,002 \$1,922,5	5.00	3,070	\$1,984,926.00	3,106	\$2,006,666.23	3,146	\$2,223,210.66	3,190	\$2,301,644.91	3,202	\$848,530.00
	Per Square Foot (sq ft)	\$1.02		\$	\$1.03	\$1.04		\$1.06		\$1.08			
Facilities	Glenbrook North High School	580,000 \$594,2	21.00 58	80,000	\$598,975.00	580,000	\$601,871.03	580,000	\$614,510.32	580,000	\$627,415.03		
	Glenbrook South High School	670,000 \$683,6		70,000	\$689,144.00	670,000	\$695,264.81	670,000	\$709,865.37	670,000	\$724,772.54		
Glenbrook	Glenbrook North High School Subtotal	\$2,471,8	80.90		\$2,476,092.44		\$2,501,080.14		\$2,669,985.33		\$2,856,105.65		\$2,649,080.00
North High	Reduction - Field Turf Contribution												
School	l ·	\$91,0					\$91,000.00		\$91,000.00		\$91,000.00		
	Grand Total	\$2,380,8	80.90	\$	82,476,092.44		\$2,410,080.14		\$2,578,985.33		\$2,765,105.65		\$2,649,080.00
	Glenbrook South High School Subtotal	\$3,189,7	12.90		\$3,262,180.44		\$3,294,158.25		\$3,537,740.01		\$3,768,779.38		\$2,948,530.00
Glenbrook South High School	Reduction - Field Turf Contribution	\$165,0	0.00										
	Reduction - Parking Lot / Maintenance Bldg.	\$235,0	0.00										
	Reduction - District Technology Budget	\$99,0	0.00				\$99,000.00		\$99,000.00		\$99,000.00		
	Grand Total	\$2,690,7	2.90	\$	33,262,180.44		\$3,195,158.25		\$3,438,740.01		\$3,669,779.38		\$2,948,530.00
	Total School Operating Budgets	\$5,071,59	3.80	\$	\$5,738,272.88		\$5,605,238.38		\$6,017,725.34		\$6,434,885.03		\$5,597,610.00

^{*} Historically the school operating budget has used the CPI-U level indicated on the prior year's tax levy. For example, the 2019-20 school operating budget will be calculated based on the CPI-U level indicated on the 2018 Tax Year levy (adopted in December 2018).